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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- (original): An indium oxide-tin oxide powder comprising an In-Sn oxide as a predominant component, characterized in that the oxide powder contains no compound oxide (In₄Sn₃O₁₂) detectable through X-ray diffraction and has a SnO₂ solid solution amount in In₂O₃ of 2.3 mass% or more, the SnO₂ solid solution amount being calculated from the ratio between integral diffraction intensity attributed to In₂O₃ (222) and integral diffraction intensity attributed to SnO₂ (110), and the ratio between In₂O₃ content and SnO₂ content obtained from an In element concentration and a Sn element concentration through ICP analysis.
- 2. (original): An indium oxide-tin oxide powder according to claim 1, wherein the SnO₂ solid solution amount in In₂O₃ is 2.4 mass% or more.
- 3. (currently amended): An indium oxide-tin oxide powder according to claim 1 or 2, which has a tin content of 2.3 to 45 mass% as calculated on the basis of SnO₂.
- 4. (currently amended): An indium oxide-tin oxide powder according to any of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, which is produced through feeding, into an oxidizing atmosphere serving as a heat source, an indium-tin alloy in the form of a liquid stream, liquid droplets, or powder or an ITO powder; and capturing and collecting the formed product in the form of microparticles by means of a fluid.

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

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5. (original): An indium oxide-tin oxide powder according to claim 4, wherein the fluid is a fluid of atomized liquid.

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- 6. (currently amended): An indium oxide-tin oxide powder according to claim 4 or 5, wherein the formed microparticles flow at a maximum speed of 150 m/sec or less, when the microparticles are captured by means of the liquid fluid.
- 7. (currently amended): A sputtering target characterized by being produced through sintering an indium oxide-tin oxide powder as recited in any of claims 1 to 6 claim 1.
- 8. (new): An indium oxide-tin oxide powder according to claim 5, wherein the formed microparticles flow at a maximum speed of 150 m/sec or less, when the microparticles are captured by means of the liquid fluid.

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